लिए अवमुक्त निधियों तथा मध्य प्रदेश राज्य से लोक सभा और राज्य सभा के सदस्यों के संबंध में व्यय की गई राशि को दर्शाने वाला विवरण अनुपत्र में दिया गया है। [देखिए परिशिष्ट 184, अनुपत्र संख्या 87 (मूल संस्करण)] निधियों के उपयोग का वर्षवार ब्यौरा अलग से नहीं रखा जाता है क्योंकि इस योजना के अंतर्गत अवमुक्त निधियां अव्यपगत होती हैं तथा किसी एक वर्ष में जो निधियां उपयोग में नहीं लाई जाती उनका अगले वित्त वर्ष में भी उपयोग किया जा सकता है।

(ग) और (घ) पूर्व संसद सदस्यों से संबंधित खर्च न की गई बकाया राशि मार्गदर्शी सिद्धांतों के पैरा 3.9 में दिए गए उपबंधों के अनुसार उपयोग में लाई जा सकती है। संसद सदस्यों से संबंधित खर्च न की गई बकाया पड़ी राशि का ब्यौरा जिला प्रशासन के पास उपलब्ध होता है।

Special features of advanced INSAT-2E

3349. DR. ALLADIP RAJKUMAR: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the ISRO would launch an advanced INSAT-2E satellite during October-November, 1998 which would enlarge the country's telecom network;

(b) if so, the details of the project, including the special features and cost involved; and

(c) the extent to which indigenous technology would be used?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) Yes, Sir. The Indian National Satellite-2E (INSAT-2E) is scheduled to be launched during November/December 1998.

(b) The INSAT-2E satellite is the last satellite in the second generation INSAT series of satellites. It carries 17 high power C-band transponders, out of which 7 have a very wide coverage ranging from West Asia-India-South Asia upto Australia and 10 transponders have zonal coverage. INSAT-2E forms a part of the INSAT-2C, D & E series of Spacecarft and its launch services for which the sanctioned estimate is Rs. 480.70 Crores for the 3 Spacecraft and Rs. 785.10 Crores for the 3 Launch Services including insurance.

(c) The indigenous content in INSAT-2E satellite is about 25%.

Delay in construction of major projects

3350. SHRIMATI URMILABEN CHIMANBHAI PATEL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) how many mega projects and mutli purpose projects, like Tehri dam and Sardar Sarovar dam which have been delayed due to the agitations and litigations by activists;

(b) what is their construction cost as on today;

(c) what was the cost of the projects when they were sanctioned and what will be their expected cost at the time of completion;

(d) by when they were expected to be completed and what is the expected dates of their completion now; and

(e) what are Government's plan to complete the projects and what is the new schedule, project-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) to (e) The required details of the following three Mega and Multi-purpose projects in the country on which the work has been delayed due to agitation and litigation by the Activists is as under:—

Rs. in crores

	Tehri Dam	Sardar Sarovar Project	Narmada Sagar Project
Original estimated cost as approved by the Planning Commission	197.92 (1972)	6406 (1986-87)	752.16 (1988)
Latest estimated cost	3550.70	22176.95	1574.00
Date of Start	1978	1987-88	1987-88
Original expected schedule of completion	1993-94	2004-05	2005
Likely date of completion now	Not yet finalised by the State	Dam by 2000. Canal System not yet finalised by the State.	Not yet finalised by the State

Irrigation being a State subject, their completion is dependent upon the priority being accorded by the State Govt.

Creation of irrigation potential in Maharashtra

3351. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that target for creation of irrigation potential in Maharashtra during the Eighth Plan period was fixed at 800 thousand hectares;

(b) if so, whether the target has been created during the plan period;

(c) if not, what was left to be created and reasons for non-creation of the targets; and

(d) the action Government propose to take in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SOMPAL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir.

(c) Against a target of 800 thousand hectares of irrigation potential to be created during the Eighth Five Year Plan, about 445 thousand hectares (provisional) of irrigation potential was created during the Eighth Plan, leaving a balance of 355 thousand hectares of irrigation potential to be created. Reasons for not achieving the targets include (i) financial constraints, (ii) proliferation of projects resulting in thin spreading of resources, (iii) change in scope and design of projects during construction, (iv) land acquisition and/or contractual problems being faced by some projects, etc.

(d) Irrigation being a State subject, Irrigation projects are conceived, planned, implemented and funded by the concerned State Governments from their own resources. However, for expeditious completion of ongoing irrigation projects, State Governments are advised from time to time to (i) provide more outlay for the irrigation sector, (ii) avoid thin spreading of resources by restricting taking up of new projects, (iii) giving priority to those projects which are at the advanced stage of construction for reaping early benefits, etc. Moreover, the Government have also provided Central Loan Assistance to the State Government for expeditious completion of some selected ongoing